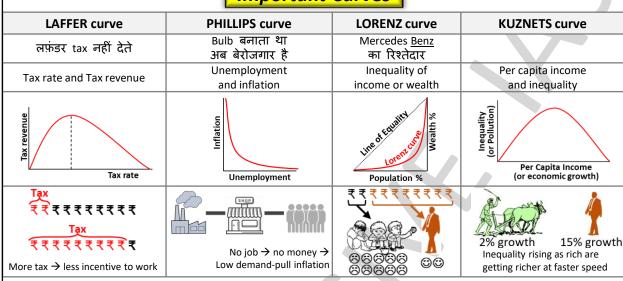
All-Inclusive Current Affairs for Prelims 2023

Economy Class-12

Important Curves





India's rank on UNDP's global Human Development Index falls one notch to 132

New Delhi | September 9, 2022 05:30 IST
India's rank in the global Human
Development Index (HDI) slipped
marginally to 132, out of 191 countries and
territories, in the 2021/22 report, with most
countries registering a decline in their HDI
value. India's rank was 131 last year.
For the first time, the HDI has declined for
two years in a row, with 90% of countries
registering a decline in their HDI value in
2020 or 2021, in the face of multiple crises
like Covid-19, the war in Ukraine, and
dangerous planetary changes. HDI is a
measure of a nation's health, education and
average income.

Human Development

First state to prepare HDR was MP in 1995

Life expectancy at birth





A decent standard of living

Knowledge



GNI per capita (PPP\$)

Mean years of schooling

UNDP

■ 1965/66, New York

161 Pakistan

180 Afghanistan

- Funded entirely by voluntary contributions
- Parent organization: ECOSOC

Did you know?

First president of Ecosoc was an Indian (Ramaswami Mudaliar)

India's HDI score

1990-2018: increased every year 2019: no increase/decrease 2020: fell 2021: fell

World 0.73 .70 India 0.63 .55 Low

India is best in South Asia? No India is worst in BRICS? Yes

 073 Sri Lanka
 052 Russia

 090 Maldives
 079 China

 127 Bhutan
 087 Brazil

 129 Bangladesh
 109 S Africa

 132 India
 132 India

 143 Nepal

Human Development Report

Title of 2021/22 HDR report:

Uncertain times, Unsettled lives: Shaping our Future in a Transforming World

Some indices in HDR report:

HDI

Inequality adjusted HDI Gender development index Gender inequality index Multi-dimensional poverty index

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Human Development Report

- To measure human development, UNDP uses HDI and HPI.
- Since 1990 UNDP has been publishing HDR every year.
- Amartya Sen and Mahbub-ul-Haq worked together to bring out the initial reports.

Human Development Index

- It was created in 1990 by Pakistani economist Dr Mahbub-ul-Haq
- It ranks countries based on <u>health</u>, <u>education</u> and <u>access to resources</u>.
- These rankings are based on a score between 0 to 1 (higher score is better)

Human Poverty Index

- It was introduced in HDR in 1997.
- In 2010, it was replaced by MDPI (society pg-3)

Prelims 1995

Which one of the following 5 year plan recognized **human development** as the core of all development efforts?

- (a) 3rd 5-year plan
- (b) 5th 5-year plan
- (c) 6th 5-year plan
- (d) 8th 5-year plan

UP-PCS 2019

Physical Quality of Life index was developed by

- (a) Morris David Morris
- (b) UNDP
- (c) Mahbub-ul-Haq
- (d) None of the above

Developed by Morris David Morris in 1970s

Parameters: Literacy, infant mortality, life expectancy

Prelims 2011 Consider the following:

- 1. Right to education
- 2. Right to equal access to public services
- 3. Right to food

Which of the above are Human rights under "Universal Declaration of Human Rights"?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1, 2 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3

NCERT Class-12 --- Fundamentals of Human Geography --- Chapter-4: Human Development

Growth vs Development

- Growth is quantitative. It can be positive or negative.
- Development is qualitative. It is only positive.

Growth may not lead to development. Example: A city may grow due to population, but it may not develop in terms of health, education, etc.

Dr Mahbub-ul-Hag

- He introduced the concept of human development
- i.e. development that enlarges people's choices and improves their lives

Approaches to Human development

Basic needs	➢ 6 basic needs: health, education, food, water, sanitation, housing.	
Approach	It <u>ignores human choice</u> and emphasizes on basic needs.	
	➤ This approach was proposed by <u>ILO</u>	
	Govt is <u>responsible</u> for HD by spending more on welfare.	
Welfare	Govt must spend more on health, education, etc.	
Approach	<u>People</u> are <u>beneficiaries</u> of development activities.	
	People are passive <u>recipients</u> ; they don't participate in development.	
Income Approach	➤ HD is linked to income.	
	➤ Income reflects <u>freedom</u> .	
	➤ Higher the income, higher the HD	
Capability	This approach is associated with <u>Prof Amartya Sen</u> .	
Approach	▶ Building human capabilities in health, education and access to resources is key to HD	

Four pillars of Human development

Equity	Equal access to opportunities
Sustainability	Continuity in availability of opportunities
Productivity	People's capabilities must be increased
Empowerment	Power to chose

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Capital: Physical, Human, Social

Social capital

- ☐ value generated from interpersonal relations from social networks.
- ☐ e.g. women discussing common problem in SHG; borrowing something from friend, helping the neighbour in times of need.

Prelims 2019 In the context of any country which one of the following would be considered as part of its social capital?

- (a) The proportion of literates in the population.
- (b) The stock of its buildings, other infrastructure & machines
- (c) The size of the population in the working age group.
- (d) The level of mutual trust and harmony in the society

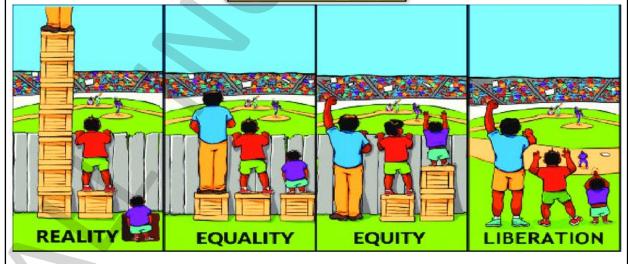
NCERT Class-11 --- Indian Economic Development --- Chapter-4: Human Capital Formation in India





	Tomation of production	
It is <u>separable</u> from owner.	It is <u>inseparable</u> from owner.	
Owner need not be present where asset is used	Owner must be present where asset is used	
It is <u>tangible</u> . It can be easily <u>sold</u> in market.	It is <u>intangible</u> . It <u>cannot be sold</u> . Only its services can be sold.	
It is mobile between countries.	It is <u>restricted</u> by nationality and culture.	
It <u>depreciates</u> over time, and becomes <u>obsolete</u> .	It <u>depreciates</u> with age, but depreciation can be <u>reduced</u> by investing in health and education.	
It creates only private benefit.	It creates both private and social benefits.	
i.e. only those who pay get the benefit	i.e. those who don't pay also get the benefit	
e.g. only those who pay get the bus ride	e.g. good driving skills saves pedestrians also	

Equality vs Equity





Prelims 2023 **Current Affairs** **Economy**

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Glass ceiling

Invisible barrier that does not allow women (or other groups) to rise in an organization



Glass cliff

Asking women (or other groups) to take up leadership role, when chances of failure are higher



Collar color

These are generally metaphorical and not a description of actual attire.







White collar	Blue collar	Pink collar
Desk work	Manual labour	Care industry
e.g. Manager, IT, Engineer	e.g. factory, mining, construction	e.g. beauty, nursing, teaching

Creative economy

= THE HINDU

'Creative economy accounted for \$121 billion of exports in 2019'

September 03, 2022 07:44 pm | Updated 09:12 pm IST - New Delhi India's creative economy comprising the arts and crafts, audio and video arts and design, among others, accounted for exports of goods and services worth \$121 billion in 2019, according to a paper by the Exim Bank of India.

EXIM bank (Export-Import bank)

- Year: 1982, HQ: Mumbai, Ministry: Finance
- Established through Export-Import Bank of India <u>Act 1981</u>
- It gives credit to exporters, importers, govts, banks, etc.
- It is a specialized financial institution, wholly owned by Govt of India

Note: all of the following have some amount of overlap



Creator economy / Influencer economy

People earn by marketing their skills online e.g. YouTube, TikTok, Patreon, etc.



Overlap Creative

Economy

Platform Economy



Creative economy / Orange economy

Economy associated with arts, crafts, audio, video, design, etc.

Platform economy

Economic activity facilitated by digital platforms. e.g. in-drive, Zomato, Uber

Gig economy

☐ part-time work done by freelancers rather than full-time permanent employees

Economy

e.g. upwork, inDrive, Zomato, Uber

Sharing economy / Peer-to-peer economy

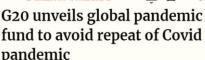
- ☐ short-term P2P transaction to share use of idle assets and services
- e.g. Airbnb, P2P lending, Co-working space, etc

I read I forget, I see I remember See explanation of this PDF on VouTube www.youtube.com/c/allinclusiveias

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Business Standard





Funds will be used to help countries prevent future pandemics; fundraising currently at \$1.4 billion

3 min read Last Updated: Nov 14 2022 | 12:20 AM IST

Pandemic fund



- ☐ It was launched in November 2022 G20 Summit in Indonesia
- ☐ It will provide finance, to low and middle income countries, to strengthen capacity for, pandemic prevention, preparedness, response. (disease surveillance, laboratories, etc)
- ☐ Many countries, including <u>India</u>, are contributing funds to it.
- ☐ It is one of the many FIFs hosted by World Bank
- World Bank is Trustee and hosts the Secretariat.
- WHO will give technical support.

Financial Intermediary Fund



- ☐ FIF is a financial arrangement that pools resources from various sources to support some international initiative.
- ☐ World Bank acts as Trustee for more than 26 FIFs like:
 - The Pandemic Fund, Global Environment Facility, Adaptation Fund, Green Climate Fund, Least Developed Countries Fund, Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations, Clean Technology Fund, Global Infra Facility, etc.

Doom Loop

(economy, environment, psychology, etc.)

Doom Loop

The Economist explains What is the "doom loop"

A vicious cycle in countries' financial systems has analysts worried

in the euro zone?

Jun 22nd 2022

☐ One negative event triggers another, which further triggers more negative events, causing the first event to worsen.

Doom loop in Economy

- it can be due to high NPAs, excess govt debt, weak banking system, excessive increase in interest rate, etc.
- ☐ To prevent or break the loop, govt intervention is needed, like a bailout package.